



Texas Capital Government Money Market ETF

TICKER: MMKT

Prospectus

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LISTED ON NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE (THE "EXCHANGE")

Texas Capital Bank Wealth Management Services, Inc.
2000 McKinney Avenue, Suite 1800
Dallas, TX 75201
Telephone: 1-214-210-3092

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The Prospectus gives you important information about the fund that you should know before you invest. Please read this Prospectus carefully before investing and use it for future reference.

**Not A Deposit • Not FDIC Insured • May Lose Value • No Bank Guarantee
Not Insured By Any Government Agency**

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Texas Capital Government Money Market ETF

NYSE: MMKT

FUND SUMMARY

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Texas Capital Government Money Market ETF (the “Fund”) seeks to provide as high a level of current interest income as is consistent with maintaining liquidity and stability of principal.

FEES AND EXPENSES

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund (“Shares”). **You may pay other fees on your purchases and sales of Shares, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and examples below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fee	0.20%
Other Expenses ⁽¹⁾	None
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.20%

- (1) Pursuant to its Advisory Agreement (as defined below), Texas Capital Bank Wealth Management Services, Inc., doing business as Texas Capital Bank Private Wealth Advisors (the “Adviser”) pays all other expenses of the Fund other than the management fee payment under the Advisory Agreement, payments under the Fund’s 12b-1 plan (if any), interest expenses, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, brokers’ commissions and any other transaction-related expenses and fees arising out of transactions effected on behalf of the Fund, costs of holding shareholder meetings and litigation and indemnification expenses and other extraordinary expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund’s business.

EXAMPLE

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all your Shares at the end of those periods. This Example does not reflect the effect of brokerage commissions or other transaction costs you paid in connection with the purchase or sale of Shares. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$20	\$64	\$113	\$255

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Principal Investments

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 80% of its assets in a diversified portfolio of high quality, U.S. government money market instruments, including U.S. government money market instruments subject to repurchase agreements under normal circumstances.

Money market instruments generally are short-term debt obligations and similar securities. They also may include longer-term bonds that have variable interest rates or other special features that give them the financial characteristics of short-term debt. The Fund has adopted a policy to invest 99.5% or more of its total assets in cash, government securities, and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully (*i.e.*, collateralized by cash and/or government securities) in order to qualify as a “government money market fund” under federal regulations. Many U.S. government money market instruments pay income that is generally exempt from state and local income tax, although they may be subject to corporate franchise tax in some states.

Although the Fund will seek to qualify as a “government money market fund”, it will not seek to maintain a stable net asset value (“NAV”) per Share using the amortized cost method of valuation. Instead, the Fund will calculate its NAV per Share based on the market value of its investments. In addition, unlike a traditional money market fund, the Fund operates as an exchange traded fund (“ETF”). As an ETF, the Fund’s Shares will be traded on the Exchange and will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in NAV as well as the relative supply of, and demand for, Shares on the Exchange. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Because the Share price and NAV of the Fund will fluctuate, when Shares are sold on the Exchange (or redeemed, in the case of an authorized participant or “AP”), they may be worth more or less than what was originally paid for them.

The Fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in repurchase agreements. Repurchase agreements are transactions in which the Fund purchases government securities and simultaneously commits to resell them to the same counterparty at a future time and at a price reflecting a market rate of interest. The Fund expects to invest initially in overnight repurchase agreements. However, in the future, the Fund may invest in repurchase agreements with longer maturities.

Income from repurchase agreements may not be exempt from state and local income taxation. Repurchase agreements often offer a higher yield than investments directly in government securities.

Management Process

Texas Capital Bank Wealth Management Services, Inc., doing business as Texas Capital Bank Private Wealth Advisors, acts as the Fund’s investment adviser. As investment adviser, the Adviser makes the Fund’s investment decisions. The Adviser selects money market instruments for the Fund based on its assessment of relative values and changes in market and economic conditions.

The Adviser considers safety of principal and liquidity in selecting securities for the Fund and thus may not buy securities that pay the highest yield.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS

The value of an investment in the Fund is subject to investment risks, which means investors could lose money. *There is no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective.*

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Because the share price of the Fund will fluctuate, when you sell your shares they may be worth more or less than what you originally paid for them. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank or a bank account and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund’s sponsor is not required to reimburse the Fund for losses, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time, including during periods of market stress.

The Fund is subject to the risks described below. Each risk summarized below is considered a “principal risk” of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears. As with any investment, there is a risk you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Fund. Some or all of these risks may adversely affect the Fund’s NAV, trading price, yield, total return and/or ability to meet its objectives. For more information about the risks of investing in the Fund, see the section in the Fund’s Prospectus titled “Additional Information about the Fund’s Principal Investment Risks”.

Money market instruments generally have a low risk of loss, but they are not risk-free. The principal risks presented by an investment in the Fund are:

Credit Risk: Issuers of money market instruments or financial institutions that have entered into repurchase agreements with the Fund may fail to make payments when due or complete transactions or they may become less willing or less able to do so.

Interest Rate Risk: The value of the Fund’s investments generally will fall when interest rates rise, and its yield will tend to lag behind prevailing rates. The Fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to certain changes in general economic conditions, inflation and monetary policy, such as certain types of interest rate changes by the Federal Reserve.

U.S. Government Securities Risk: There are different types of U.S. government securities with different levels of credit risk, including the risk of default, depending on the nature of the particular government support for that security. For example, a U.S. government-sponsored entity, such as Federal National Mortgage Association (“Fannie Mae”) or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (“Freddie Mac”), although chartered or sponsored by an Act of Congress, may issue securities that are neither insured nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury and are therefore riskier than those that are.

Repurchase Agreements Risk: Repurchase agreements carry certain risks not associated with direct investments in securities, including a possible decline in the market value of the underlying obligations.

Liquidity Risk: Although the Fund invests in a diversified portfolio of high-quality instruments, the Fund's investments may become less liquid as a result of market developments or adverse investor perception. If this happens, the Fund's ability to redeem its Shares for cash may be affected.

Management Risk: The risk that the investment strategies, techniques and risk analyses employed by the Adviser may not produce the desired results.

Investment and Market Risk. As with all investments, an investment in the Fund is subject to investment risk. Investors in the Fund could lose money, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount of an investment, over short or prolonged periods of time. Markets can decline in value sharply and unpredictably which may affect the Fund's NAV per Share. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region, or financial market.

ETF Risks. The Fund is an ETF, and because of the ETF's structure, it is exposed to the following risks:

Authorized Participants, Market Makers, and Liquidity Providers Concentration Risk. The Fund has a limited number of financial institutions that may act as APs. In addition, there may be a limited number of market makers and/or liquidity providers in the marketplace. To the extent either of the following events occur, Shares may trade at a material discount to NAV and possibly face trading halts or delisting: (i) APs exit the business or otherwise become unable to process creation and/or redemption orders and no other APs step forward to perform these services; or (ii) market makers and/or liquidity providers exit the business or significantly reduce their business activities and no other entities step forward to perform their functions.

Costs of Buying or Selling Shares. Due to the costs of buying or selling Shares, including brokerage commissions imposed by brokers and bid/ask spreads, frequent trading of Shares may significantly reduce investment results and an investment in Shares may not be advisable for investors who anticipate regularly making investments, particularly if the investments are small and the broker charges a fixed commission per trade.

Large Shareholder Risk. From time to time, an AP, a third-party investor, an affiliate of the Adviser, or a fund may invest in the Fund and hold its investment for a specific time period to allow the Fund to achieve size or scale. There can be no assurance that any such entity will not redeem its investment or that the size of the Fund will be maintained at such levels, which could negatively impact the Fund.

Premium-Discount Risk. The Shares may trade above or below their NAV. The market prices of Shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in NAV as well as the relative supply of, and demand for, Shares on the Exchange or other securities exchanges. The existence of significant market volatility, disruptions to creations and redemptions, or potential lack of an active trading market for Shares (including through a trading halt), among other factors, may result in the Shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV.

Trading Risk. Although Shares are listed for trading on the Exchange and may be traded on U.S. exchanges other than the Exchange, there can be no assurance that Shares will trade with any volume, or at all, on any stock exchange. In stressed market conditions, the liquidity of Shares may begin to mirror the liquidity of the Fund's underlying portfolio holdings, which can be significantly less liquid than Shares.

Trading Halt Risk. Trading in Shares on the Exchange may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the Exchange, make trading in Shares inadvisable. In addition, trading in Shares on the Exchange is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to the relevant exchange's "circuit breaker" rules. If a trading halt or unanticipated early close of the exchange occurs, a shareholder may be unable to purchase or sell Shares of the Fund. There can be no assurance that requirements of the exchange necessary to maintain the listing of the Fund will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.

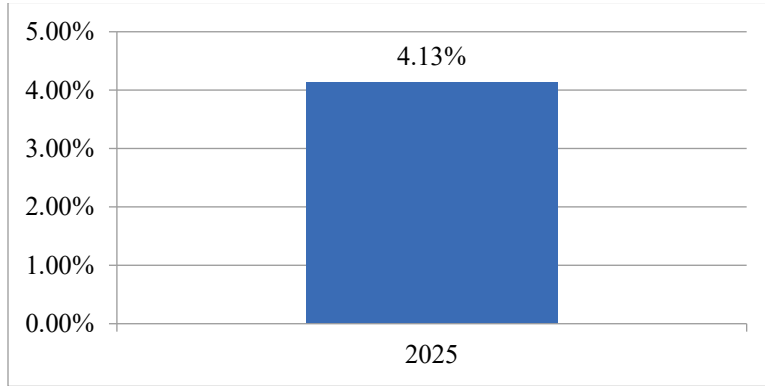
Cybersecurity Risk. Failures or breaches of the electronic systems of the Fund or its services providers may cause disruptions and negatively impact the Fund's business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses to the Fund. Cybersecurity incidents could also affect issuers of securities in which the Fund invests, leading to a significant loss of value.

Operational Risk. The Fund is exposed to operational risks arising from a number of factors, including, but not limited to, human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, counterparties or other third parties, failed or inadequate processes and technology or systems failures.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table below provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing the performance of the Fund's Shares over the past calendar year. The Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. You may obtain the Fund's current 7-day yield by calling toll free 844.822.3837 (844.TCB.ETFS) or by visiting the Fund's website at <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>. Updated performance information is also available on the Fund's website at <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>.

Annual Total Return for Year Ended December 31, 2025



- During the period shown in the bar chart, the highest return for a quarter was 1.05% during the quarter ended September 30, 2025.
- During the period shown in the bar chart, the lowest return for a quarter was 0.98% during the quarter ended December 31, 2025.

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2025

This table presents the Fund's average annual total returns for the periods ended December 31, 2025. The table also presents the impact of taxes on the Fund's returns. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund Shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

	One Year	Since Inception (September 24, 2024)
Texas Capital Government Money Market ETF		
Return Before Taxes	4.13%	4.24%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	2.48%	2.58%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	2.45%	2.53%

INVESTMENT ADVISER

Adviser: The Fund's investment adviser is Texas Capital Bank Wealth Management Services, Inc., doing business as Texas Capital Bank Private Wealth Advisors.

SUMMARY INFORMATION ABOUT PURCHASES, SALES, TAXES, AND FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY COMPENSATION

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis only in large blocks of Shares, typically 25,000 Shares, called "Creation Units," and only APs (typically, broker-dealers) may purchase or redeem Creation Units. Creation Units generally are issued and redeemed "in-kind" for securities and partially in cash. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold in secondary market transactions through brokers. Once created, individual Shares generally trade in the secondary market at market prices that change throughout the day. Market prices of Shares may be greater or less than their NAV. **Except when aggregated in Creation Units, the Fund's shares are not redeemable securities.**

The market price of Shares will fluctuate in response to changes in the value of a Fund's holdings and supply and demand for the Shares, which may result in shareholders purchasing or selling the Shares on the secondary market at a market price that is greater than NAV (a premium) or less than NAV (a discount). When buying or selling Shares in the secondary market, you may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase Shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for Shares (ask) (the "bid-ask spread"). Recent information regarding the Fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spreads is available at <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>.

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions generally are taxable to you as ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both, unless your investment is in an Individual Retirement Account ("IRA") or other tax-advantaged account. However, subsequent withdrawals from such a tax-advantaged account may be subject to federal income tax. You should consult your tax advisor about your specific tax situation.

PURCHASES THROUGH BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase Shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary, the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend Shares over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUND

The Fund is a series of Texas Capital Funds Trust (the “Trust”), a Delaware statutory trust organized in 2023 as an investment company under the 1940 Act. The Fund operates as an ETF. ETFs are funds that trade on an exchange like other publicly traded securities. The Fund’s investment objective is non-fundamental and may be changed without shareholder approval.

In What Ways is the Fund Different from a Mutual Fund?

Exchange Listing. Unlike mutual fund shares, Shares of the Fund are listed for trading on the Exchange. Investors can purchase and sell Shares in the secondary market through a broker. Investors purchasing Shares in the secondary market through a brokerage account or with the assistance of a broker may be subject to brokerage commissions and charges. Secondary-market transactions do not occur at NAV, but at market prices that change throughout the day, based on the supply of, and demand for, Shares and on changes in the prices of the Fund’s portfolio holdings. The market price of Shares may differ from the NAV of the Fund. The difference between market price of Shares and the NAV of the Fund is called a premium when the market price is above the reported NAV and called a discount when the market price is below the reported NAV, and the difference is expected to be small most of the time, though it may be significant, especially in times of extreme market volatility.

Redeemability. Mutual fund shares may be purchased from, and redeemed by, the issuing fund for cash at the fund’s NAV, which is typically calculated once at the end of the business day. Shares of the Fund, by contrast, cannot be purchased from or redeemed with the Fund except by or through APs (typically, broker-dealers), and then principally for an in-kind basket of securities (and a limited cash amount). In addition, the Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis only in large blocks of Shares, typically 25,000 Shares, called “Creation Units.”

Tax Treatment. The Fund and the Shares have been designed to be tax efficient. Specifically, the in-kind creation and redemption feature has been designed to protect Fund shareholders from adverse tax consequences applicable to non-ETF registered investment companies as a result of cash transactions in the non-ETF registered investment company’s shares, including cash redemptions. Nevertheless, to the extent redemptions from the Fund are paid in cash, the Fund may realize capital gains or losses, including in some cases short-term capital gains, upon the sale of portfolio securities to generate the cash to satisfy the redemption, which may increase taxable distributions to shareholders.

Transparency. The Fund’s portfolio holdings are disclosed on its website daily after the close of trading on the Exchange and prior to the opening of trading on the Exchange the following day. A description of the Fund’s policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund’s portfolio holdings is available in the Fund’s Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”).

Premium/Discount Information. Information about the premiums and discounts at which the Shares have traded will be available at <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>.

Additional Information About the Fund’s Investment Objective and Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 80% of its net assets in a diversified portfolio of high quality, U.S. government money market instruments and in related repurchase agreements, which generally are short-term debt obligations and similar securities, under normal circumstances. They also may include longer-term bonds that have variable interest rates or other special features that give them the financial characteristics of short-term debt. Many U.S. government money market instruments pay income that is generally exempt from state and local income tax, although they may be subject to corporate franchise tax in some states. The Fund may invest a significant percentage of its assets in repurchase agreements. Repurchase agreements are transactions in which the Fund purchases government securities and simultaneously commits to resell them to the same counterparty at a future time and at a price reflecting a market rate of interest. The Fund expects to invest initially in overnight repurchase agreements. However, in the future, the Fund may invest in repurchase agreements with longer maturities. Income from repurchase agreements may not be exempt from state and local income taxation. Repurchase agreements often offer a higher yield than investments directly in government securities. In deciding whether an investment in a repurchase agreement is more attractive than a direct investment in government securities, the Adviser considers the possible loss of this tax advantage. The Fund’s 80% policy is a “non-fundamental” policy. This means that this investment policy may be changed by the Board without shareholder approval. However, the Fund has also adopted a policy to provide its shareholders with at least 60 days’ prior written notice of any change to the 80% investment policy.

The Fund’s Board of Trustees (“Board”) has determined that the Fund will operate as an ETF pursuant to Rule 6c-11 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”).

The Board has determined that the Fund will also qualify as a “government money market fund” pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act (“Rule 2a-7”). Therefore, the Fund has adopted a policy to invest 99.5% or more of its total assets in cash, government securities, and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully (i.e., collateralized with cash and/or government securities).

Although the Fund will seek to qualify as a “government money market fund,” it will not seek to maintain a stable NAV per Share using the amortized cost method of valuation. Instead, the Fund will calculate its NAV per Share based on the market value of its investments. As a government money market fund, the Fund is not subject to a liquidity fee. In addition, unlike a traditional money market fund, the Fund operates as an ETF. As an ETF, the Fund’s Shares will be traded on the Exchange and will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in NAV as well as the relative supply of, and demand for, Shares on the Exchange. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Because the Share price and NAV of the Fund will fluctuate, when Shares are sold on the Exchange (or redeemed, in the case of an AP), they may be worth more or less than what was originally paid for them.

Like all money market funds, the Fund is subject to maturity, quality, diversification and liquidity requirements under Rule 2a-7. The Fund’s investment strategies are designed to comply with these requirements. The Fund may invest in high quality, short-term, U.S. dollar-denominated money market instruments paying a fixed, variable or floating interest rate.

The Adviser may use a number of professional money management techniques to respond to changing economic and money market conditions and to shifts in fiscal and monetary policy. These techniques include varying the Fund’s composition and weighted average maturity based upon the Adviser’s assessment of the relative values of various money market instruments and future interest rate patterns. The Adviser also may buy or sell money market instruments to take advantage of yield differences.

Although not a principal strategy of the Fund, the Fund may invest to a limited extent in shares of similar money market funds. The Fund’s investments in other money market funds that comply with the definition of a “government money market fund” under Rule 2a-7 will be treated as investments in the underlying securities held by such money market funds for the purposes of the Fund’s policy to invest 99.5% or more of its total assets in cash, government securities, and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully (i.e., collateralized by cash and/or government securities).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUND’S INVESTMENT RISKS

The main risks of investing in the Fund are described below.

Other risks of investing in the Fund, along with further details about some of the risks described below, are discussed in the Fund’s Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”). Information on how you can obtain the SAI can be found on the back cover of this Prospectus.

The following information is in addition to, and should be read along with, the description of the Fund’s principal investment risks in the sections titled “Fund Summary—Principal Investment Risks” above.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or guarantor of money market instruments, or the counterparty to a transaction, is unable or unwilling to meet its financial obligations. Even if an issuer or counterparty does not default on a payment, a money market instrument’s value may decline if the market believes that the issuer or counterparty has become less able, or less willing, to make payments on time. Moreover, in a rising interest rate environment, the risk that such issuer or guarantor may default on its obligations is heightened. Even the highest quality money market instruments are subject to some credit risk. The credit quality of an issuer can change rapidly due to market development and may affect the Fund’s NAV per Share.

Interest Rate Risk. The value of money market instruments generally can be expected to fall when short-term interest rates rise and to rise when short-term interest rates fall. Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rates will rise, so that the value of the Fund’s investments will fall. Also, the Fund’s yield will tend to lag behind changes in prevailing short-term interest rates. This means that the Fund’s income will tend to rise more slowly than increases in short-term interest rates. Similarly, when short-term interest rates are falling, the Fund’s income generally will tend to fall more slowly.

The Fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to certain changes in monetary policy, such as certain types of interest rate changes by the Federal Reserve. The risks associated with changing interest rates may have unpredictable effects on the markets and the Fund’s investments. A sudden or unpredictable increase in interest rates may cause volatility in the market and may decrease liquidity in the money market securities markets, making it harder for the Fund to sell its money market investments at an advantageous time. Decreased market liquidity also may make it more difficult to value some or all of the Fund’s money market securities holdings.

U.S. Government Securities Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer will not make principal or interest payments when they are due. There are different types of U.S. government securities with different relative levels of credit risk depending on the nature of the particular government support for that security. U.S. government securities may be supported by (1) the full faith and credit of the United States; (2) the ability of the issuer to borrow from the U.S. Treasury; (3) the credit of the issuing agency, instrumentality or government-sponsored entity; (4) pools of assets (e.g., mortgage-backed securities); or (5) the United States in some other way. In some cases, there is even the risk of default. For example, for asset-backed securities there is the risk those assets will decrease in value below the face value of the security. Similarly, for certain agency issued securities there is no guarantee the U.S. government will support the agency if it is unable to meet its obligations. Further, the U.S. government and its agencies and instrumentalities do not guarantee the market value of their securities; consequently, the value of such securities will fluctuate. This may be the case especially when there is any controversy or ongoing uncertainty regarding the status of negotiations in the U.S. Congress to increase the statutory debt ceiling. If the U.S. Congress is unable to negotiate an adjustment to the statutory debt ceiling, there is also the risk that the U.S. government may default on payments on certain U.S. government securities, including those held by the Fund, which could have a material negative impact on the Fund.

Repurchase Agreements Risk. Repurchase agreements carry certain risks not associated with direct investments in securities, including a possible decline in the market value of the underlying obligations. If their value becomes less than the repurchase price, plus any agreed-upon additional amount, the counterparty must provide additional collateral so that at all times the collateral is at least equal to the repurchase price plus any agreed-upon additional amount.

Investment and Market Risk. As with all investments, an investment in the Fund is subject to investment risk. Investors in the Fund could lose money, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount of an investment, over short or prolonged periods of time. Markets can decline in value sharply and unpredictably. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region, or financial market.

Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform due to geopolitical disputes, war, inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rate changes, global demand for particular products or resources, supply chain disruptions, tariffs and other restrictions on trade, natural or environmental disasters, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, social or political unrest, recessions, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. During a general market downturn, multiple asset classes may be negatively affected. Changes in market conditions and interest rates can have the same impact on all types of securities and instruments. In times of severe market disruptions, you could lose your entire investment.

ETF Risks. The Fund is an ETF, and because of the ETF's structure, it is exposed to the following risks:

Authorized Participants, Market Makers, and Liquidity Providers Concentration Risk. The Fund has a limited number of financial institutions that may act as APs. In addition, there may be a limited number of market makers and/or liquidity providers in the marketplace. To the extent either of the following events occur, Shares may trade at a material discount to NAV and possibly face trading halts or delisting: (i) APs exit the business or otherwise become unable to process creation and/or redemption orders and no other APs step forward to perform these services; or (ii) market makers and/or liquidity providers exit the business or significantly reduce their business activities and no other entities step forward to perform their functions.

Costs of Buying or Selling Shares. Due to the costs of buying or selling Shares, including brokerage commissions imposed by brokers and bid/ask spreads, frequent trading of Shares may significantly reduce investment results and an investment in Shares may not be advisable for investors who anticipate regularly making investments, particularly if the investments are small and the broker charges a fixed commission per trade.

Large Shareholder Risk. From time to time, an AP, a third-party investor, an affiliate of the Adviser, or a fund may invest in the Fund and hold its investment for a specific time period to allow the Fund to achieve size or scale. There can be no assurance that any such entity will not redeem its investment or that the size of the Fund will be maintained at such levels, which could negatively impact the Fund.

Premium-Discount Risk. The Shares may trade above or below their NAV. The market prices of Shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in NAV as well as the relative supply of, and demand for, Shares on the Exchange or other securities exchanges. The existence of significant market volatility, disruptions to creations and redemptions, or potential lack of an active trading market for Shares (including through a trading halt), among other factors, may result in the Shares trading significantly above (at a premium) or below (at a discount) to NAV. If you buy Shares when their market price is at a premium or sell the Shares when their market price is at a discount, you may pay more than, or receive less than, NAV, respectively.

Trading Risk. Although Shares are listed for trading on the Exchange and may be traded on U.S. exchanges other than the Exchange, there can be no assurance that Shares will trade with any volume, or at all, on any stock exchange. In stressed market conditions, the liquidity of Shares may begin to mirror the liquidity of the Fund's underlying portfolio holdings, which can be significantly less liquid than Shares.

Trading Halt Risk. Trading in Shares on the Exchange may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the Exchange, make trading in Shares inadvisable. In addition, trading in Shares on the Exchange is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to the relevant exchange's "circuit breaker" rules. If a trading halt or unanticipated early close of the exchange occurs, a shareholder may be unable to purchase or sell Shares of the Fund. There can be no assurance that requirements of the exchange necessary to maintain the listing of the Fund will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.

Liquidity Risk. The Fund's investments may become less liquid due to market developments or adverse investor perception. When there is no willing buyer and investments cannot be readily sold at the desired time or price, the Fund may have to accept a lower price or may not be able to sell an instrument at all. The inability to sell an instrument could adversely affect the Fund's NAV per Share or prevent the Fund from being able to take advantage of other investment opportunities. This risk may increase during an unusually high volume of redemption requests by even a few large investors or unusual market conditions, when prices of securities are negatively impacted by rapid or unexpected changes in interest rates, or as a result of government intervention, political, social, health, economic or market developments.

Management Risk. There is the risk that the investment strategies, techniques and risk analyses employed by the Adviser may not produce the desired results. The Adviser may be incorrect in its assessment of a particular security or assessment of market, interest rate or other trends, which can result in losses to the Fund.

Additional (Non-Principal) Risks

Temporary and Defensive Positioning. During adverse market conditions or when the Adviser believes there is an insufficient supply of appropriate money market securities in which to invest, the Fund may temporarily hold uninvested cash in lieu of such investments. During periods when such temporary or defensive positions are held, the Fund may not be able to fully pursue its investment objective. Such positions may also subject the Fund to additional costs and risks, such as increased exposure to cash held at a custodian bank.

FUND MANAGEMENT

Investment Adviser

Adviser: The Fund's investment adviser is Texas Capital Bank Wealth Management Services, Inc., doing business as Texas Capital Bank Private Wealth Advisors.

The Adviser serves as investment adviser to the Fund pursuant to an investment advisory agreement with the Trust (the "Advisory Agreement"). Subject to the supervision of the Board, the Adviser manages the investment and reinvestment of the Fund's assets. The Adviser is controlled by Texas Capital Bank, its parent company, and ultimately by Texas Capital Bancshares Inc. The Adviser is located at 2000 McKinney Avenue, Suite 1800, Dallas, TX 75201, and has regulatory assets under management of \$3.3 billion as of December 31, 2025.

The Fund pays the Adviser a unified management fee at an annual rate (stated as a percentage of the average daily net assets of the Fund) of 0.20%.

Under the Advisory Agreement, the Adviser has agreed to pay all expenses of the Fund, except for the fee payment under the Advisory Agreement, payments under the Fund's 12b-1 plan (if any), interest expenses, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, brokers' commissions and any other transaction-related expenses and fees arising out of transactions effected on behalf of the Fund, costs of holding shareholder meetings and litigation and indemnification expenses and other extraordinary expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the Fund's Advisory Agreement is available in the Fund's Form N-CSR filing for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2025.

OTHER SERVICE PROVIDERS

Administrator and Fund Accountant

Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC, located at 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450, Cincinnati, Ohio 45246 is administrator and fund accountant for the Fund pursuant to a Master Services Agreement.

Compliance Consulting

Northern Lights Compliance Services, LLC (“NLCS”) located at 4221 North 203rd Street, Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022, provides an individual with the requisite background and familiarity with the federal securities laws to serve as the Trust’s CCO and to administer the Trust’s compliance policies and procedures. For these services, NLCS receives a base fee per annum, plus an asset-based fee computed at an annual rate. In addition, NLCS is reimbursed for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses relating to these compliance services.

Distributor

Northern Lights Distributors, LLC (the “Distributor”), located at 4221 North 203rd Street, Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022, serves as the Fund’s principal underwriter and distributor of the Shares. The Distributor only distributes Shares in Creation Units and does not maintain a secondary market in the Shares. The Distributor is a broker-dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. The Distributor is not an affiliate of the Adviser. Pursuant to the Distribution Agreement, the Distributor also agrees to: (1) review all proposed advertising materials and sales literature for compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and file with appropriate regulators those advertising materials and sales literature it believes are in compliance with such laws and regulations; (2) enter into agreements with such qualified broker-dealers and other financial intermediaries (the “Financial Intermediaries”), as requested by the Fund in order that such Financial Intermediaries may sell Shares of the Fund; (3) prepare reports for the Board regarding its activities under the agreement and payments made under the Fund’s Rule 12b-1 Distribution Plan (if applicable) as from time to time shall be reasonably requested by the Board; and (4) monitor amounts paid under Rule 12b-1 plans (if applicable) and pursuant to sales loads (if applicable) to ensure compliance with applicable FINRA rules. For these services, the Adviser pays the Distributor an annual fee, payable in monthly installments. In addition, the Adviser reimburses the Distributor for certain out-of-pocket expenses incurred on the Fund’s behalf.

Custodian and Transfer Agent

State Street Bank and Trust Company serves as the Fund’s custodian and transfer agent, and is located at 1 Congress Street, Boston, Massachusetts, 02114 and One Heritage Drive, Floor 1, North Quincy, Massachusetts, 02171, respectively.

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Ernst & Young LLP, 2323 Victory Avenue, Suite 2000, Dallas, TX 75219, serves as the Fund’s independent registered public accounting firm.

Legal Counsel

The law firm of Dechert LLP, 1095 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10036, serves as legal counsel to the Trust.

THE EXCHANGE

Shares of the Fund are not sponsored, endorsed, or promoted by the Exchange. The Exchange is not responsible for, nor has it participated in, the determination of the timing of, prices of, or quantities of Shares to be issued, nor in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the Shares are redeemable. The Exchange has no obligation or liability to owners of the Shares in connection with the administration, marketing, or trading of the Shares. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall the Exchange have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits) even if notified of the possibility of such damages.

BUYING AND SELLING FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares at NAV only in large blocks known as “Creation Units,” which only APs (typically broker-dealers) may purchase or redeem. Creation Units generally consist of 25,000 Shares, though this may change from time to time. The Fund generally issues and redeems Creation Units in exchange for a portfolio of securities closely approximating the holdings of the Fund and/or a designated amount of U.S. cash.

Except when aggregated in Creation Units, Shares are not redeemable with the Fund.

BUYING AND SELLING SHARES ON THE SECONDARY MARKET

The Fund’s individual Shares may only be purchased or sold in the secondary market through a broker, dealer, or other financial intermediary at market price rather than at NAV. The market price of Shares will fluctuate in response to changes in the value of the Fund’s holdings and supply and demand for the Shares, which may result in shareholders purchasing or selling the Shares on the secondary market at a market price that is greater than NAV (a premium) or less than NAV (a discount). Additionally, a shareholder may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for the Shares (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for the Shares (ask) when buying or selling Shares on the secondary market (“bid-ask spread”). Information regarding the Shares such as NAV, market price and related other information is available on the Fund’s website, <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>.

Shares of the Fund are listed on the Exchange under the following symbol:

Fund	Trading Symbol
Texas Capital Government Money Market ETF	MMKT

The Exchange is generally open Monday through Friday and is closed for weekends and the following holidays: New Year’s Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents’ Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth National Independence Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

For information about buying and selling Shares on the Exchange or in the secondary markets, please contact your broker or dealer.

Book-Entry. Shares are held in book-entry form, which means that no stock certificates are issued. The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) or its nominee is the record owner of all outstanding Shares. Participants in DTC include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and other institutions that directly or indirectly maintain a custodial relationship with DTC. As a beneficial owner of Shares, you are not entitled to receive physical delivery of stock certificates or to have Shares registered in your name, and you are not considered a registered owner of Shares. Therefore, to exercise any right as an owner of Shares, you must rely on the procedures of DTC and its participants. These procedures are the same as those that apply to any stocks that you hold in book-entry or “street name” through your brokerage account. Your account information will be maintained by your broker, which will provide you with account statements, confirmations of your purchases and sales of Shares, and tax information. Your broker also will be responsible for distributing income dividends and capital gain distributions and for ensuring that you receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Fund.

Trading Prices of Shares. The trading prices of the Shares may differ from the Fund’s daily NAV and can be affected by market forces of supply and demand for the Shares, the prices of the Fund’s portfolio securities, economic conditions, and other factors. The Exchange through the facilities of the Consolidated Tape Association or another market information provider intends to disseminate the approximate value of the Fund’s portfolio every fifteen seconds during regular U.S. trading hours. This approximate value should not be viewed as a “real-time” update of the NAV of the Fund because the approximate value may not be calculated in the same manner as the NAV, which is computed once a day. The quotations for certain investments may not be updated during U.S. trading hours if such holdings do not trade in the U.S., except such quotations may be updated to reflect currency fluctuations. The Fund is not involved in, or responsible for, the calculation or dissemination of the approximate values and makes no warranty as to the accuracy of these values.

Continuous Offering. The Fund only offers and redeems Shares on a continuous basis at NAV in Creation Units or multiples thereof, which only APs (typically, broker-dealers) may purchase or redeem. Generally, Creation Units are offered and redeemed on an in-kind basis. The method by which Creation Units are purchased and traded may raise certain issues under applicable securities laws. Because new Creation Units are issued and sold by the Fund on an ongoing basis, at any point a “distribution,” as such term is used in the Securities Act of 1933 (“Securities Act”), may occur. Broker-dealers and other persons are cautioned that some activities on their part may, depending on the circumstances, result in their being deemed participants in a distribution in a manner which could render them statutory underwriters and subject them to the prospectus delivery and liability provisions of the Securities Act. For example, a broker-dealer firm or its client may be deemed a statutory underwriter if it takes Creation Units after placing an order with the Transfer Agent, breaks them down into individual Shares, and sells such Shares directly to customers, or

if it chooses to couple the creation of a supply of new Shares with an active selling effort involving solicitation of secondary market demand for Shares. A determination of whether one is an underwriter for purposes of the Securities Act must consider all the facts and circumstances pertaining to the activities of the broker-dealer or its client in the particular case, and the examples mentioned above should not be considered a complete description of all the activities that could lead to categorization as an underwriter.

Broker-dealer firms should also note that dealers who are not “underwriters” but are effecting transactions in Shares, whether or not participating in the distribution of Shares, are generally required to deliver a prospectus. This is because the prospectus delivery exemption in Section 4(a)(3) of the Securities Act is not available with respect to such transactions as a result of Section 24(d) of the 1940 Act. As a result, broker-dealer firms should note that dealers who are not underwriters but are participating in a distribution (as contrasted with ordinary secondary market transactions), and thus dealing with Shares that are part of an over-allotment within the meaning of Section 4(a)(3)(A) of the Securities Act, would be unable to take advantage of the prospectus delivery exemption provided by Section 4(a)(3) of the Securities Act. Firms that incur a prospectus delivery obligation with respect to Shares of the Fund are reminded that under Rule 153 of the Securities Act, a prospectus delivery obligation under Section 5(b)(2) of the Securities Act owed to an exchange member in connection with a sale on the Exchange is satisfied by the fact that such Fund’s prospectus is available at the Exchange upon request. The prospectus delivery mechanism provided in Rule 153 is only available with respect to transactions on an exchange.

In addition, certain affiliates of the Fund and the Adviser may purchase and resell Shares pursuant to the Prospectus.

FREQUENT TRADING AND MARKET TIMING

The Shares can be purchased and redeemed directly from the Fund only in Creation Units by APs. The vast majority of trading in the Shares occurs on the secondary market. Because the secondary market trades do not directly involve the Fund, it is unlikely that those trades would cause the harmful effects of market timing, including dilution, disruption of portfolio management, increases in the Fund’s trading costs and the realization of capital gains. For this reason, with respect to the purchase or redemption of Creation Units directly with the Fund, to the extent effected in-kind (i.e., for securities), the Board noted that those trades do not cause the harmful effects that may result from frequent cash trades. To the extent trades are effected in whole or in part in cash, the Board noted that such trades could result in dilution to the Fund and increased transaction costs, which could negatively impact the Fund’s ability to achieve its investment objective, although in certain circumstances (e.g., in conjunction with a reallocation of the Fund’s investments), such trades may benefit Fund shareholders by increasing the tax efficiency of the Fund. The Board also noted that direct trading by APs is critical to ensuring that the Shares trade at or close to NAV. In addition, the Fund will impose transaction fees on purchases and redemptions of Shares to cover the custodial and other costs incurred by the Fund in effecting trades. Given this structure, the Board determined that it is not necessary to adopt policies and procedures to detect and deter market timing of the Shares.

DISTRIBUTION AND SERVICE PLAN

The Fund has adopted a Rule 12b-1 Distribution and Service Plan (the “Plan”) pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. Under the Plan, the Fund may be authorized to pay distribution fees of up to 0.25% of its average daily net assets each year to the Distributor and other firms that provide distribution and shareholder services (“Service Providers”). No Rule 12b-1 fees are currently paid by the Fund, and there are no current plans to impose these fees. In the event 12b-1 fees are charged, over time they would increase the cost of an investment in the Fund because they would be paid on an ongoing basis.

NET ASSET VALUE

The NAV of Shares is calculated each business day as of the close of regular trading on the Exchange, generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time.

The Fund calculates its NAV per Share by:

- Taking the current market value of its total assets,
- Subtracting any liabilities, and
- Dividing that amount by the total number of Shares owned by shareholders.

If you buy or sell Shares on the secondary market, you will pay or receive the market price, which may be higher or lower than NAV. Your transaction will be priced at NAV only if you purchase or redeem your Shares in Creation Units.

Redeemable securities issued by open-end investment companies are valued at the investment company’s applicable NAV, with the exception of exchange-traded open-end investment companies which are priced as equity securities.

If a market price is not readily available or is deemed not to reflect market value, the Adviser, as the Fund's "valuation designee," will determine the price of the security held by the Fund based on a determination of the security's fair value pursuant to policies and procedures approved by the Board.

To the extent the Fund holds securities that may trade infrequently, fair valuation may be used more frequently. Fair valuation may have the effect of reducing stale pricing arbitrage opportunities presented by the pricing of Shares. However, when the Fund uses fair valuation to price securities, it may value those securities higher or lower than another fund would have priced the security. Also, the use of fair valuation may cause the Shares' NAV performance to diverge from the Shares' market price and from the performance of various benchmarks used to compare the Fund's performance because benchmarks generally do not use fair valuation techniques. Because of the judgment involved in fair valuation decisions, there can be no assurance that the value ascribed to a particular security is accurate.

Fund Website and Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings

The Trust maintains a website for the Fund at <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>. Among other things, the website includes this Prospectus and the SAI, and will include the Fund's holdings, the Fund's last annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders and other information such as the Fund's financial statements. The website shows the Fund's daily NAV per Share, market price, and premium or discount, each as of the prior business day. The website also shows the extent and frequency of the Fund's premiums and discounts. Further, the website includes the Fund's median bid-ask spread over the most recent thirty calendar days.

Each day the Fund is open for business, the Trust publicly disseminates the Fund's full portfolio holdings as of the close of the previous day on its website at <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>. A description of the Trust's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio holdings is available in the Fund's SAI.

INVESTMENTS BY OTHER INVESTMENT COMPANIES

For purposes of the 1940 Act, Shares are issued by a registered investment company and purchases of such Shares by registered investment companies and companies relying on Section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the 1940 Act are subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 12(d)(1) of the 1940 Act, except as permitted by Rule 6c-11, Rule 12d1-1, Rule 12d1-4, or an exemptive order of the SEC.

DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES

As with any investment, you should consider how your investment in Shares will be taxed. The tax information in this Prospectus is provided as general information. You should consult your own tax professional about the tax consequences of an investment in Shares.

Unless your investment in Shares is made through a tax-exempt entity or tax-deferred retirement account, such as an IRA, you need to be aware of the possible tax consequences when:

- Your Fund makes distributions;
- You sell your Shares listed on the Exchange; and
- You purchase or redeem Creation Units.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and Distributions. The Fund intends to qualify each year as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. As a regulated investment company, the Fund generally pays no federal income tax on the income and gains it distributes to you. The Fund expects to declare and to distribute all of its net investment income, if any, to shareholders as dividends on a weekly basis. The Fund will distribute net realized capital gains, if any, at least annually. The Fund may distribute such income dividends and capital gains more frequently, if necessary, in order to reduce or eliminate federal excise or income taxes on the Fund. The amount of any distribution will vary, and there is no guarantee the Fund will pay either an income dividend or a capital gains distribution. Distributions may be reinvested automatically in additional whole Shares only if the broker through whom you purchased Shares makes such option available.

Avoid "Buying a Dividend." At the time you purchase Shares, the Fund's NAV may reflect undistributed income, undistributed capital gains, or net unrealized appreciation in value of portfolio securities held by the Fund. For taxable investors, a subsequent distribution to you of such amounts, although constituting a return of your investment, would be taxable. Buying Shares in the Fund just before it declares an income dividend or capital gains distribution is sometimes known as "buying a dividend."

Taxes

Tax Considerations. The Fund expects, based on its investment objective and strategies, that its distributions, if any, will be taxable as ordinary income, capital gain, or some combination of both. This is true whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Shares or receive them in cash. For federal income tax purposes, Fund distributions of short-term capital gains are taxable to you as ordinary income. Fund distributions of long-term capital gains are taxable to you as long-term capital gains no matter how long you have owned your Shares. Income dividends are not expected to be eligible for the lower tax rates applicable to qualified dividends or for the corporate dividends-received deduction.

Taxes on Sales of Shares. A sale of Shares is a taxable event and, accordingly, a capital gain or loss may be recognized. Unless you choose to adopt a simplified “NAV method” of accounting (described below), any capital gain or loss realized upon a sale of Shares generally is treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for more than one year and as short-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for one year or less. Any loss realized upon a taxable disposition of Shares held for six months or less will be treated as a long-term capital loss, rather than a short-term capital loss, to the extent of any long-term capital gain distributions received (or deemed received) by you with respect to the Shares. The ability to deduct capital losses may be limited. A shareholder in the Fund may elect to adopt a simplified aggregate accounting method under which gains and losses can be netted based on the shareholder’s taxable year rather than reported separately. Because the Fund offers and redeems Shares using a floating NAV and because Shares are available for sale on the Exchange, a redeeming AP or a shareholder selling on the Exchange may realize gains and losses due to differences between the NAV or market price at which Shares are acquired and the NAV or market price at which Shares are redeemed or sold. Such gains and losses realized generally would be accounted for separately unless the simplified aggregate accounting method above were adopted. Also, although under general wash sale tax rules a loss realized on a redemption or sale of the Shares would ordinarily be disallowed to the extent new Shares were acquired within 30 days before or after such a redemption or sale, a special exemption applies to shares in a money market fund such as the Fund. Please consult your personal tax advisor.

Medicare Tax. An additional 3.8% Medicare tax is imposed on certain net investment income (including ordinary dividends and capital gain distributions received from the Fund and net gains from redemptions or other taxable dispositions of Shares) of U.S. individuals, estates and trusts to the extent that such person’s “modified adjusted gross income” (in the case of an individual) or “adjusted gross income” (in the case of an estate or trust) exceeds a threshold amount. This Medicare tax, if applicable, is reported by you on, and paid with, your federal income tax return.

Backup Withholding. By law, if you do not provide the Fund with your proper taxpayer identification number and certain required certifications, you may be subject to backup withholding on any distributions of income, capital gains or proceeds from the sale of your Shares. The Fund also must withhold if the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) instructs it to do so. When withholding is required, the amount will be 24% of any distributions or proceeds paid.

State and Local Taxes. Fund distributions and gains from the sale of your Shares generally are subject to state and local taxes. Some states and localities do not tax dividends that are attributable to interest on certain government securities under certain circumstances. However, these dividends may be subject to corporate franchise tax in some states.

Taxes on Purchase and Redemption of Creation Units. An AP who exchanges securities for Creation Units generally will recognize a gain or a loss. The gain or loss will be equal to the difference between the market value of the Creation Units at the time of purchase and the exchanger’s aggregate basis in the securities surrendered and the cash amount paid. A person who exchanges Creation Units for securities generally will recognize a gain or loss equal to the difference between the exchanger’s basis in the Creation Units and the aggregate market value of the securities received and the cash amount received. The IRS, however, may assert that a loss realized upon an exchange of securities for Creation Units cannot be deducted currently under the rules governing “wash sales,” or on the basis that there has been no significant change in economic position. Persons exchanging securities should consult their own tax advisor with respect to whether the wash sale rules apply and when a loss might be deductible.

Under current federal tax laws, any capital gain or loss realized upon redemption of Creation Units is generally treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for more than one year and as a short-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for one year or less.

If the Fund redeems Creation Units in cash, it may recognize more capital gains than it will if it redeems Creation Units in-kind.

Non-U.S. Investors. Non-U.S. investors may be subject to U.S. withholding tax at a 30% or lower treaty rate and U.S. estate tax and are subject to special U.S. tax certification requirements to avoid backup withholding and claim any treaty benefits. An exemption from U.S. withholding tax is provided for capital gain dividends paid by the Fund from long-term capital gains, if any. In addition, dividends paid by the Fund that are derived from qualifying U.S. source net interest income (including income from original issue discount and market discount) and short-term capital gains, and that are reported by the Fund as “interest-related dividends” or “short-term capital gain dividends,” will generally not be subject to U.S. withholding tax, provided that the income would not be subject to U.S. federal income tax if earned directly by the non-U.S. investor. However, depending on the circumstances, the Fund may report all, some or none of the Fund’s potentially eligible dividends as exempt. In addition, in the case of shares held through a financial intermediary, the financial intermediary may withhold U.S. federal income tax even if the Fund reports a dividend as an interest-related dividend or short-term capital gain dividend. Notwithstanding such exemptions from U.S. withholding at the source, any such dividends and distributions of income and capital gains will be subject to backup withholding at a rate of 24% if you fail to properly certify that you are not a U.S. person.

Other Reporting and Withholding Requirements. Under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“FATCA”), the Fund will be required to withhold a 30% tax on income dividends paid by the Fund to certain foreign entities, referred to as foreign financial institutions or non-financial foreign entities, that fail to comply (or be deemed compliant) with extensive reporting and withholding requirements designed to inform the U.S. Department of the Treasury of U.S.-owned foreign investment accounts. The Fund may disclose the information that it receives from its shareholders to the IRS, non-U.S. taxing authorities or other parties as necessary to comply with FATCA. Withholding also may be required if a foreign entity that is a shareholder of the Fund fails to provide the Fund with appropriate certifications or other documentation concerning its status under FATCA.

Possible Tax Law Changes. At the time that this Prospectus is being prepared, various administrative and legislative changes to the federal tax laws are under consideration, but it is not possible at this time to determine whether any of these changes will be made or what the changes might entail.

This discussion of “Dividends, Distributions and Taxes” is not intended or written to be used as tax advice. Because everyone’s tax situation is unique, you should consult your tax professional about federal, state, local or foreign tax consequences before making an investment in the Fund.

DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS AND OTHER INFORMATION

The Board has adopted a policy regarding the disclosure of information about the Fund’s portfolio securities. Under the policy, portfolio holdings of the Fund, which will form the basis for the calculation of NAV on a Business Day, are publicly disseminated prior to the opening of trading on the Exchange that Business Day through financial reporting or news services, including the website <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>. In addition, each Business Day a portfolio composition file, which displays the In-Kind Creation Basket and Cash Component, is publicly disseminated prior to the opening of the Exchange via the NSCC.

The Fund’s complete schedule of portfolio holdings for the second and fourth quarters of each fiscal year is included in its Forms N-CSR. The Fund’s Forms N-CSR are available on the SEC’s website at <http://www.sec.gov>. Additionally, you may obtain copies of semi-annual and annual reports to shareholders from the Fund upon request by calling 844.822.3837 (844.TCB.ETFS). The semi-annual and annual reports for the Fund will be posted on the Fund’s website at <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>.

The Fund will disclose on the Adviser’s website, within five business days after the end of each month, a complete schedule of portfolio holdings and information regarding the weighted average maturity and weighted average life of the Fund. This information will be posted on the Adviser’s website at the following website address: <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>.

In addition, the Fund will file with the SEC on Form N-MFP, within five business days after the end of each month, more detailed portfolio holdings information. The Fund’s Forms N-MFP will be available on the SEC’s website; the Adviser’s website will also contain a link to these filings. The Adviser’s website will also disclose the following information for the Fund as of the end of each business day for the previous six months: (1) the percentage of the Fund’s total assets invested in daily and weekly liquid assets; (2) the Fund’s daily net inflows and outflows; and (3) the Fund’s current market-based NAV per Share to four decimal places, which is calculated using current market quotations (or an appropriate substitute that reflects current market conditions). Investors also may find additional information about the Fund at the above referenced website address.

Please consult the Fund’s SAI for a description of the policies and procedures that govern disclosure of the Fund’s portfolio holdings.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the past 5 years, or if shorter, the period of the Fund's operations. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund Share. The total return in the tables represents the rate that an investor would have earned on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). The information for the fiscal period ended December 31, 2025 has been audited by the Fund's independent registered public accounting firm, Ernst & Young LLP, whose report along with the Fund's financial statements, is included in the Fund's Form N-CSR for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, which may be obtained upon request at no charge by calling the Fund at 844.822.3837 (844.TCB.ETFS) or by visiting the Fund's website at <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>.

Texas Capital Government Money Market ETF Financial Highlights

(For a Share outstanding during each period)

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2025	For the Period Ended December 31, 2024^(a)
Selected Per Share Data:		
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 100.15	\$ 100.00
Investment operations:		
Net investment income	4.02	1.07
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	0.03	0.15
Total from investment operations	4.05	1.22
Less distributions to shareholders from:		
Net investment income	(4.02)	(1.07)
Total distributions	(4.02)	(1.07)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 100.18	\$ 100.15
Market price, end of period	\$ 100.21	\$ 100.16
Total Return^(b)	4.13%	1.23% ^(c)
Ratios and Supplemental Data:		
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 70,129	\$ 42,564
Ratio of expenses to average net assets	0.20%	0.20% ^(d)
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	4.02%	4.49% ^(d)

(a) For the period September 24, 2024 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2024.

(b) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of Shares at net asset value on the first day and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the period. Distributions are assumed, for the purpose of this calculation, to be reinvested at the ex-dividend date net asset value per Share on their respective payment dates.

(c) Not annualized.

(d) Annualized.

ANNUAL/SEMI-ANNUAL REPORTS TO SHAREHOLDERS

Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders and in Form N-CSR. In Form N-CSR, you will find the Fund's annual and semi-annual financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The SAI dated April 30, 2026, which contains more details about the Fund, is incorporated by reference in its entirety into this Prospectus, which means that it is legally part of this Prospectus.

To receive a free copy of the annual or semi-annual reports to shareholders, other information such as the Fund's financial statements, or the SAI, or to request additional information about the Fund, please contact us as follows:

Call: 844.822.3837 (844.TCB.ETFS)

Write: Texas Capital Funds Trust, 2000 McKinney Avenue, Suite 1800, Dallas, TX 75201

Visit: <https://fundsmanagement.texascapital.com/funds/mmkt/>.

PAPER COPIES

Please note that the Fund will provide paper copies of the Fund's shareholder reports, unless you consent to electronic delivery via your financial intermediary, such as a broker-dealer or bank. You may elect to receive all future Fund reports electronically free of charge. Please contact your financial intermediary to inform them that you wish to receive electronic copies of Fund shareholder reports and for details about whether your election to receive reports electronically will apply to all funds held with your financial intermediary. Shareholder reports will be made available also on the Fund's website.

INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Information about the Fund, including its reports and the SAI, has been filed with the SEC. It can be reviewed on the EDGAR database on the SEC's website (<http://www.sec.gov>). You can also request copies of these materials, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the SEC's e-mail address (publicinfo@sec.gov) or by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090.

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